penDUX MAS 23000-3 Test 13

Total: /100

	Main Words
1. rescue	to make someone safe again; bring out of a dangerous situation.
2. able	having the power or knowledge to do something.
3. species	a group of living things that are the same in many important ways.
4. drastic	extreme or severe.
5. excessive	more than is needed or considered fair; not reasonable.
6. compare	to say or note how something is similar to or different from
	something else.
7. destine	to assign to or send toward a particular place, end, or purpose.
8. contact	to speak or write to someone; communicate.
9. stable	firm or steady; not likely to move.
10. exotic	from a foreign place.

The script must be played at least three times.

Regardless of the country, the zoo is the favorite day trip site for every child. Lately, some people are saying that the zoo is a waste of budget. However, I believe that the zoo has many social functions. The zoo provides experiential knowledge to students,

(Listen Carefully:	
)

First, the zoo has an educational effect. The place is a moving museum and a social

education facility. People, especially young children, who are interested in animals can learn many things about animals as they are able to see the animals moving in front of them. In addition, the zoo is opening summer courses in order to encourage and teach students to become more interested about animals.
(Listen Carefully:
Also, the zoo protects the different species that live there. Because of the drastic increase of population worldwide, the development of machines, deforestation, and excessive development, nature today is being damaged rapidly compared to the past. The zoo takes care of animals that have lost their homes due to the destruction of nature by humans. In reality, the zoo has saved various species and among these, they saved the African elephants which were about to become extinct. Therefore, through the zoo,
(Listen Carefully:
Lastly, people who visit the zoo can gain better health. For people living in the busy modern environment, looking at wild animals gives them the sense of being in contact with nature. Also, every zoo keeps the animals in an environment that is very similar to their natural environment so they may be emotionally stable. This means that there are many exotic plants as well. As a result,
(Listen Carefully:
In conclusion, the zoo brings many benefits to society. Young students can learn more about animals, endangered species can be protected,
(Listen Carefully:
)





Listen again and answer the questions below.

Which is the favorite day trip site for every child? A. Water parks B. the Zoo		D. Museums
2. Some people say that the trip site isA. a waste of budget B. very entertaining C. too far D. none of the above		
3. What is the speaker's opinion on this topic? A. the trip site is entertaining to many B. the trip site is a waste of money and time C. the trip site has many social functions D. none of the above		
4. The trip site has A. an educational effect C. a depressing effect	B. an entertaining effect D. a thrilling effect	
5. The place is considered a moving museum andA. an important gathering place B. dating spot for couples C. a social education facility D. none of the above	·	
6. Young children interested in visit th A. toys B. animals C. movi		t it.
7. Nature is being damaged more rapidly than in the A. deforestation B. development of machine C. increase of population D. all of the above	past because of	·
8. The that were about to become ex A. bald eagles C. African elephants	atinct were saved by the trip B. racoons D. giraffes	p site workers.
9. The trip site is helpful for people'sA. health B. imagination C. creativity D. all of the above	_•	
10. People can by what they see in to A. become anxious B. release their stress C. get stressed D. none of the above	he trip site.	



Listening Exercise 2 Listen to the story, then fill in the blanks.

Exercise 1)	Nearly half the teens said without a toot	• `)()()
Exercise 2)	I (their teeth,) when you th	nink about wa	ays people ()
Exercise 3)	before toothbe want to live w	rushes (vithout your too)(othbrush, (), you mi	ght not
Exercise 4)	Would you (or bird feather corncob and s)(r? How about (salt?)() on) your teeth	a stick with a
Exercise 5)	We (produced toot)(hbrushes. Add) small holes	is (addis for the firm () a bone and	
Exercise 6)	He tied some glued them in	bristles (to the holes he	had made in)(the bone.) and
Exercise 7)	He (England. ()() he b) these arou	and the year 178 thy man.	80 in
Exercise 8)	Over 150 year	rs went by befo	ore American) the brushi	•)
Exercise 9)	In World War (the habit hom) brush their)(teeth every da)(ay. They ()
Exercise 10)	Today, brushi	ng our teeth is	something m	any Americans out.	